

## SIDDHARTH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS :: PUTTUR

Siddharth Nagar, Narayanavanam Road – 517583 **QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)** 

Subject/ Code : (18ME3116) Refrigeration and Cryogenics **Regulation:** R18 Course & Branch: M.Tech - TE Year & Sem: I-M.Tech & II-Sem **UNIT-I** 1 Explain in detail the working principles of various methods to produce low temperatures 12M 2 Explain working principle of vapor compression refrigeration system with neat sketches and 12M derive an expression for COP. 3 What are the different types of Vapour Compression Refrigeration Cycle? 12M Explain in detail with pv and ts chart about any one of it. Discuss multi-stage vapour compression refrigeration systems with flash gas removal and 4 12M intercooling 5 a Discuss the use of flash tank for flash gas removal only 12M Discuss the use of flash tank for intercooling only b 6 Describe multi-evaporator systems using single compressor and a pressure reducing valve with: 12M a) Individual expansion valves b) Multiple expansion valves 7 12M Describe briefly the cascade systems and working principle of auto-cascade cycle 8 Discuss the advantages and applications of multi-evaporator systems compared to single 12M stage systems 9 What is mean dry ice? How it is manufactured? List the application of dry ice. 12M 10 What are the factors affecting the performance of vapour compression refrigeration 12M system explain in detail. **UNIT II** 1 Discuss the performance aspects of ideal reciprocating compressors with clearance, specifically: a) Effect of evaporator temperature on system performance at a fixed condenser 12M temperature

b) Effect of condenser temperature on system performance at a fixed evaporator temperature

	c) Effects of pressure ratio and type of refrigerant on compressor discharge temperature	
2	Describe various methods of capacity control for reciprocating compressor	12M
3	Explain the working principle of a centrifugal compressor used in refrigeration system	12M
	with neat sketch.	
4	Compare the performance of a centrifugal compressor with a reciprocating compressor in	12M
	terms of condensing and evaporator temperatures and compressor speed	
5	Discuss the methods of capacity control of a centrifugal compressor	12M
6	Explain working principle and characteristics of a twin-screw type compressor	12M
7	Explain working principle and characteristics of a single-screw type compressor	12M
8	Explain working principle, characteristics and specific advantages of a scroll compressor	12M
9	Discuss methods of compressor lubrication	12M
10	Explain the performance aspects and the phenomenon of surging in centrifugal compressors	12M
	compressors	

## **UNIT-III**

1 Classify refrigerant condensers based on the external fluid used, based on constructional details 12M

12M

- 2 Compare air cooled condensers with water cooled condensers
- a The average condensing heat transfer coefficient for a refrigerant condensing on a single horizontal tube is found to be 4000 W/m2 .K. Now another tube is added directly below the first tube. Assuming everything else to remain constant, what will be the new average condensing heat transfer coefficient?

b A refrigeration system of 55 kW cooling capacity that uses a water-cooled condenser has a COP of 5.0. The overall heat transfer coefficient of the condenser is 450 W/m2 2 .K and a heat transfer area of 18 m . If cooling water at a flow rate of 3.2 kg/s enters the condenser at a temperature of 300 C, what is the condensing temperature? Take the specific heat of water as 4.18kJ/kg.K.

Find the length of tubes in a two pass 12M TR Shell-and-Tube R-22 based, water-cooled condenser with 52 tubes arranged in 13 columns. The Heat Rejection Ratio (HRR) is 1.2747. The condensing temperature is 45oC. Water inlet and outlet temperature are 30oC 12M and 35oC respectively. The tube outer and inner diameters are 14.0 and 16.0 mm respectively.

5	Determine the required face area of an R 12 condenser for 5 TR refrigeration plant. The condensing temperature is 40oC, the system COP is 4.9 and refrigeration effect is 112M.8 kJ/kg. Air at an inlet temperature of 27oC flows through the condenser with a face velocity of 2.5 m/s. The inside and outside diameters of the tubes are 11.26 and 12.68 mm, respectively. Fin efficiency is 0.73. Other dimensions with reference are: $B = 43$ mm; $C = 38$ mm, $D = 3.175$ mm, $t = 0.254$ mm	12M		
6	Explain the working of evaporator with neat sketch about any one type.	12M		
		12111		
7	Classify refrigerants into primary and secondary, and discuss the important differences between primary and secondary refrigerants	12M		
8	Discuss refrigerant selection criteria based on thermodynamic, thermophysical, environmental and economic properties	12M		
9	Discuss in detail about various application of refrigeration system	12M		
10	Discuss in detail about CFC & HCFC refrigerants.	12M		
	UNIT-IV			
1	What is need of low temperature insulation and list the methods of insulation systems.	12M		
2	Explain in detail about gas filled powder insulation system and reflective insulation system.	12M		
3	Discuss about expanded foam insulation system with its merits and demerits	12M		
4	What are the different techniques of gas separation commonly used explain with neat sketch	12M		
5	Define cryogenics. Explain any one common method of cryogenics with neat sketch	12M		
6	Explain in detail about the concept of ideal separation system.	12M		
7	Discuss in detail about various application of gas separation system	12M		
8	What are the methods involved in air separation and storage in cryogenics system.	12M		
9	Explain the working of adiabatic demagnetization refrigeration system with neat sketch.	12M		
10	What are the hazards and their cause in cryogenic industries. Explain in detail	12M		
UNIT- V				
1	List out Various liquefaction cycles. Discuss in detail about Linde system.	12M		
2	How liquefaction of hydrogen gas is done explain in detail with neat sketch.	12M		
3	Explain the process involved in liquefaction of helium gas.	12M		
4	List the application of lower temperature systems.	12M		

5	Discuss in detail about properties of various metals at low temperature	12M
6	Discuss about methods involved in handling of cryogenics liquids and also explain about	12M
	super conductivity phenomenon in cryo liquids	1 2 IVI
7	Explain the working principle of dual pressure cycle in gas liquefaction system	12M
8	What are the different techniques of gas separation commonly used explain with neat	12M
	sketch	
9	Classify refrigerants into primary and secondary, and discuss the important differences	12M
	between primary and secondary refrigerants	
10	Discuss the advantages and applications of multi-evaporator systems compared to single	12M
	stage systems	